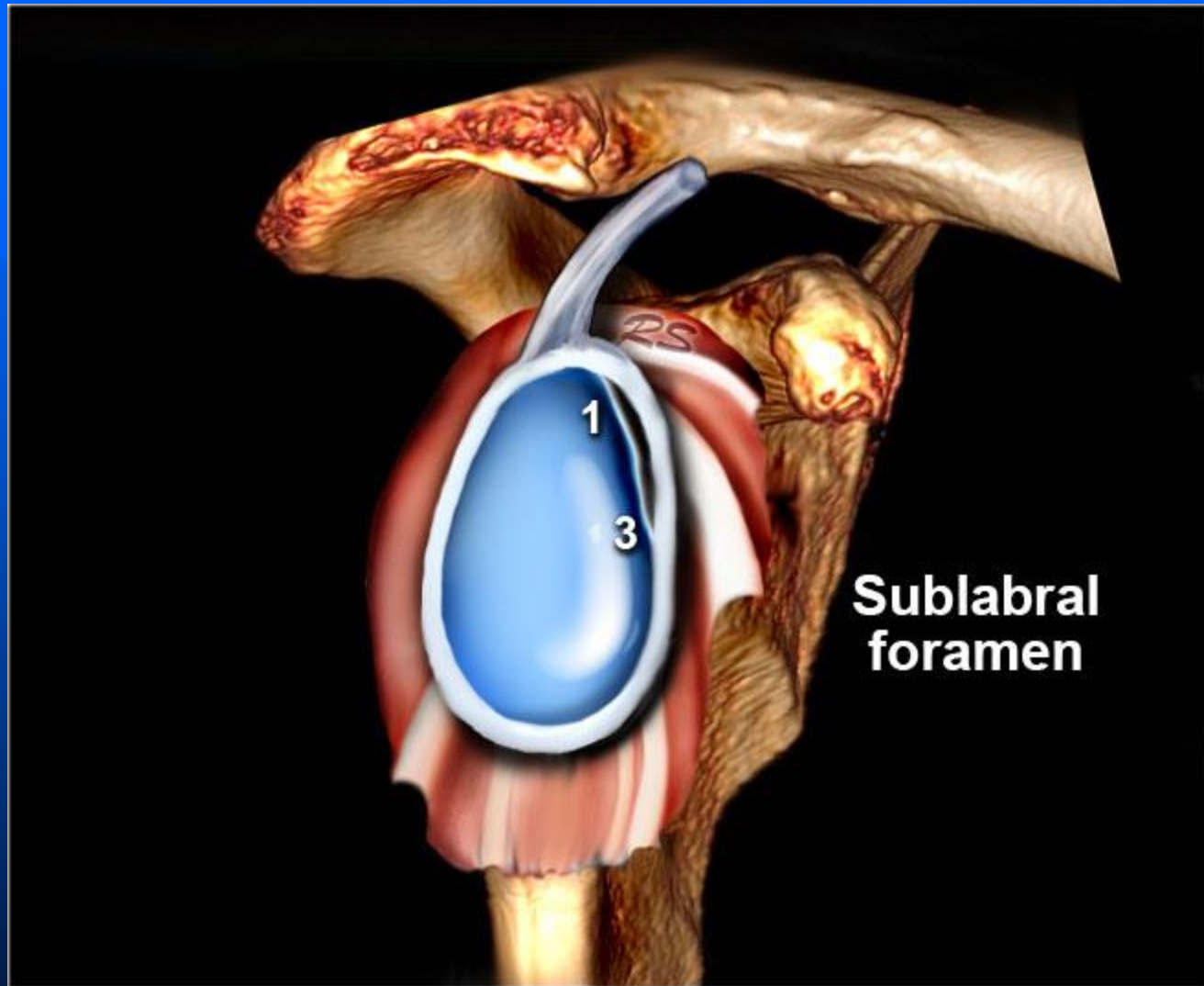
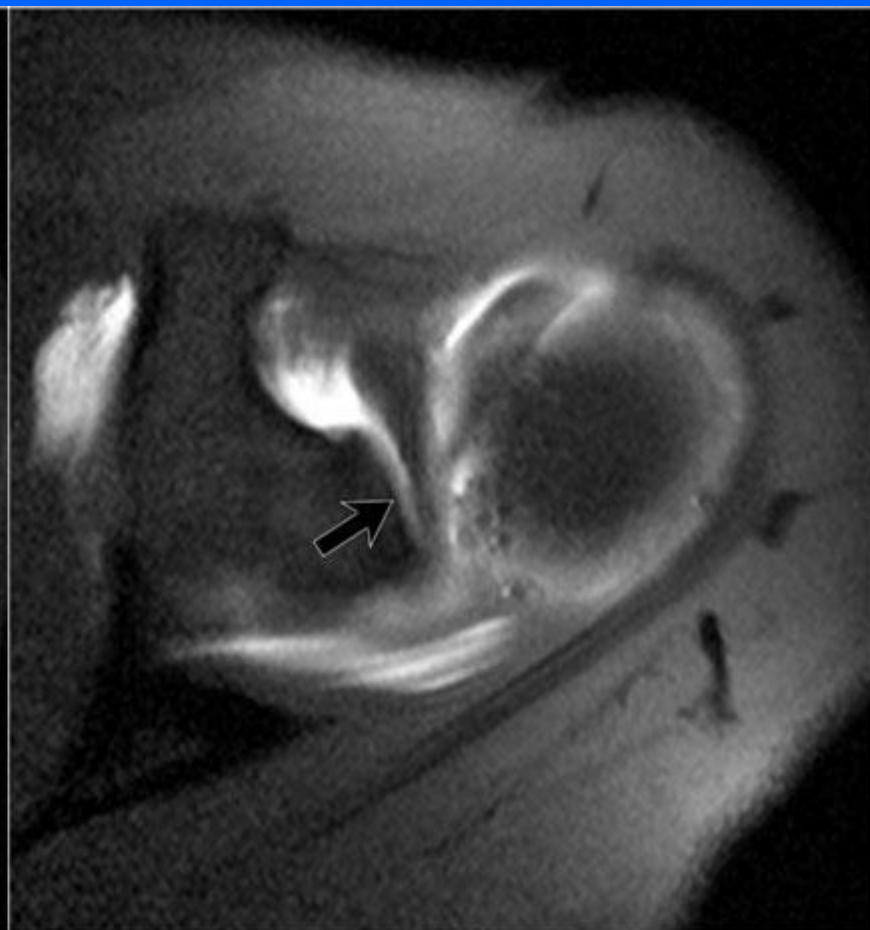
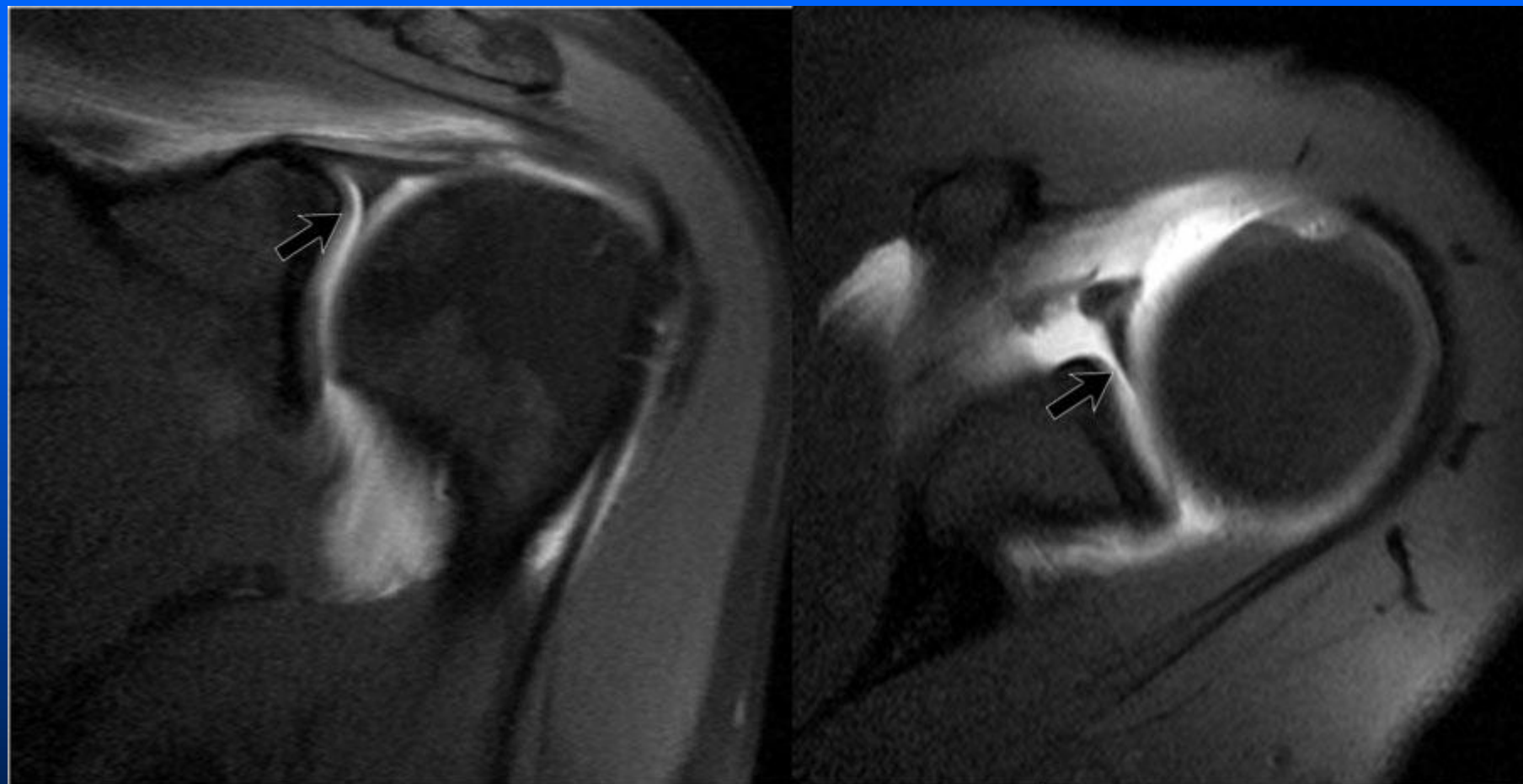


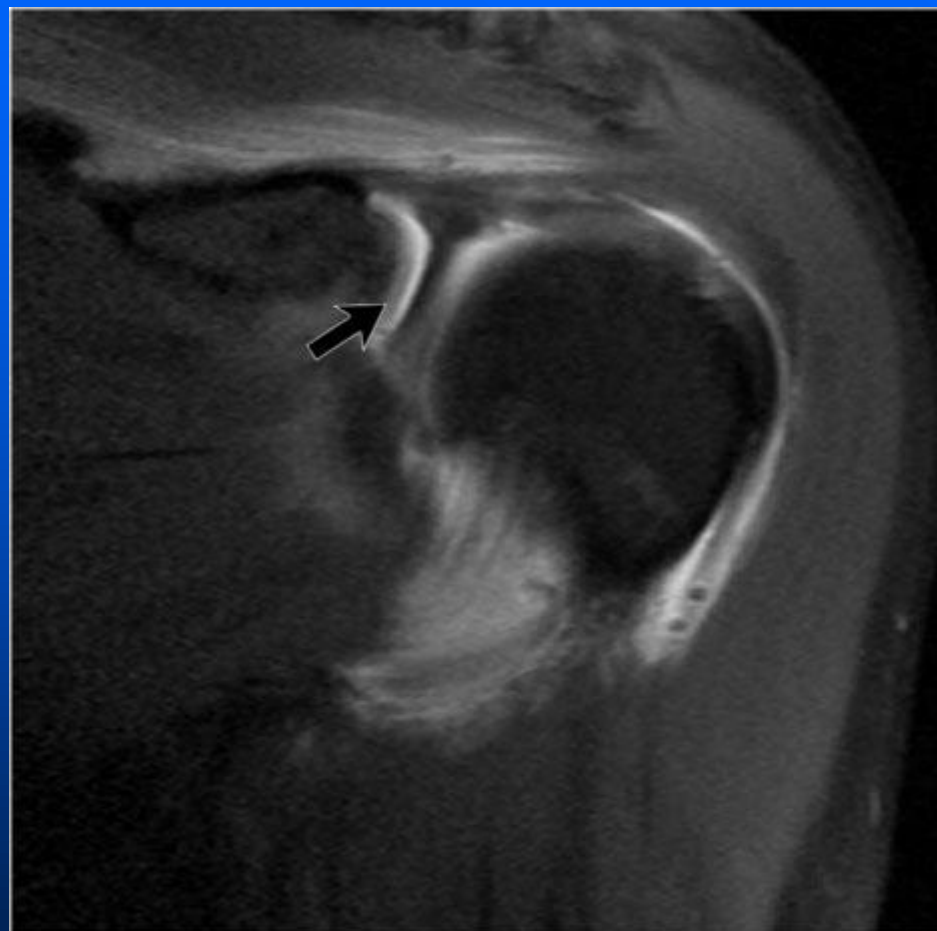
Sublabral foramen

- Unattached anterosuperior labrum (1-3 o'clock position.)
- 11% of individuals
- Should not be confused with a sublabral recess or SLAP-tear, which are also located in this region.
- A sublabral recess however is located *at the site* of the attachment of the biceps tendon at 12 o'clock and does not extend to the 1-3 o'clock position.
- A SLAP tear may extend to the 1-3 o'clock position, but the attachment of the biceps tendon to the superior labrum should always be involved.

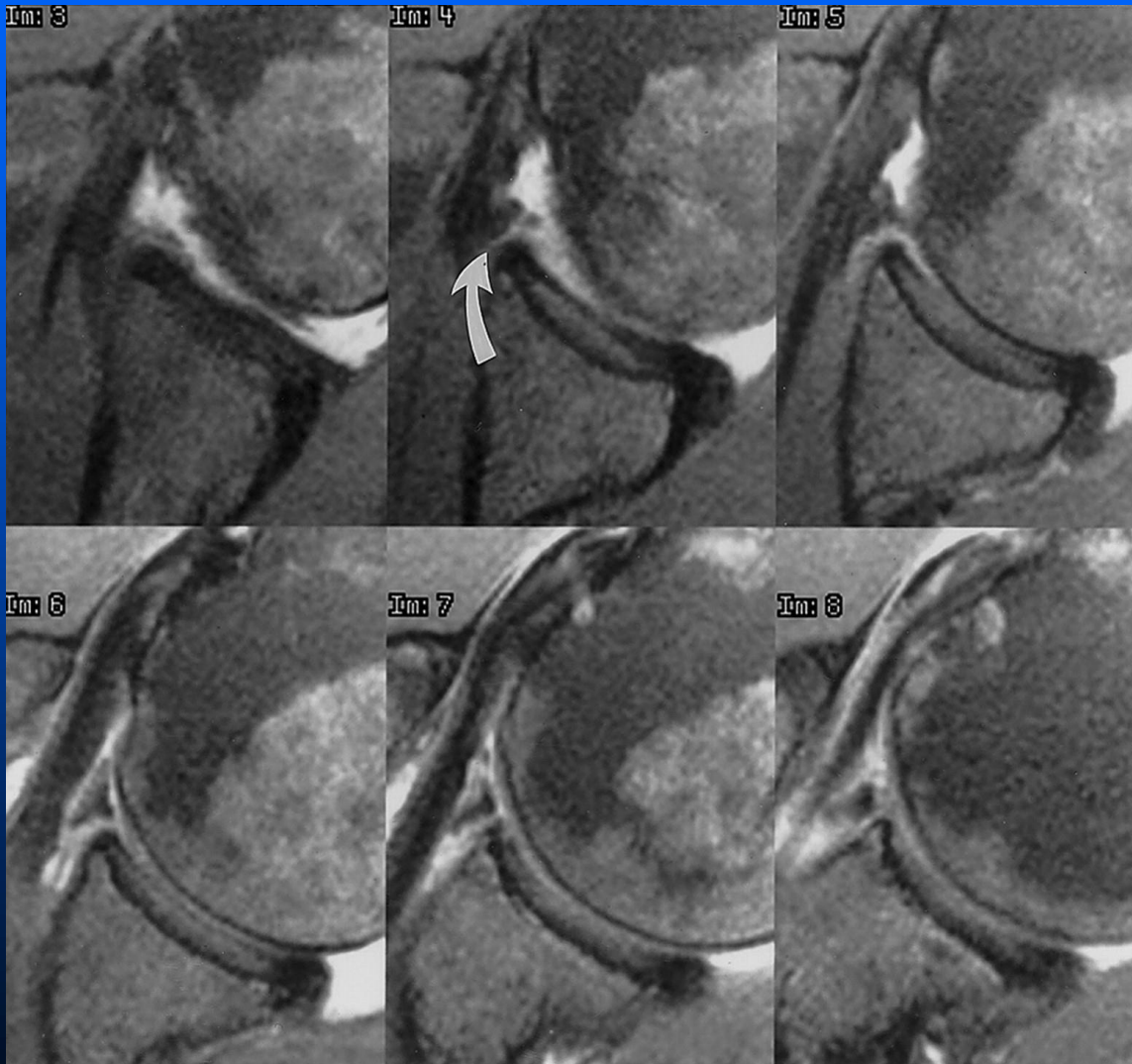








Sublabral foramen “hole in anterior Labrum”



synonymous and refer to an anatomic variation in which the antero-superior portion of the labrum is not attached to the bony margin of the glenoid fossa. The sublabral foramen lies anterior to the biceps-labral complex.