

Intraventricular mass

- **Choroidal metastasis**
- **Lymphoma**
- **Meningioma** (trigone)
- **Ependymoma** (trigone (Adult) and 4th (child))
- **Astrocytoma**
- **Central Neurocytoma**
 - usually attached to septum pellucidum (body lateral venticle)
- **Choroid plexus papilloma**
 - usually in lateral ventricles in infants
 - more often in 4th ventricle in adults
- **Choroid plexus carcinoma (child)**
- **Giant Cell Astrocytoma (TS)**
- **Colloid cyst**
- **Epidermoid/Dermoid**
- **arteriovenous malformation, and cysticercosis**

Lateral ventricular mass in an adult

- Ependymoma
- subependymoma,
- central neurocytoma,
- Meningioma
- Metastasis
- oligodendroglioma,
- astrocytoma (all grades),
- arteriovenous malformation, and cysticercosis.

Lateral ventricular region mass in a child

- choroid plexus papilloma/carcinoma
- primitive neuroectodermal tumor (PNET)
- teratoma,
- subependymal giant cell astrocytoma,
- ependymoma
- Glioma
- meningioma

Lateral Ventricle

● F. Monro

- Subependymal Giant Cell Astro -
- Subependymoma

● Body

- Subependymoma, etc.

● Trigone

- Child - CPP (Choroid Plexus Papilloma) -
- Adult - Meningioma