- Definition = Ectodermal Inclusion Cyst
- Location 90% intradural, primarily basal cisterns
 - \bullet CPA = 40-50%
 - fourth ventricle = 17%
 - parasellar/middle cranial fossa = 10-15%
 - cerebral hemispheres = rare (<1.5%)</p>

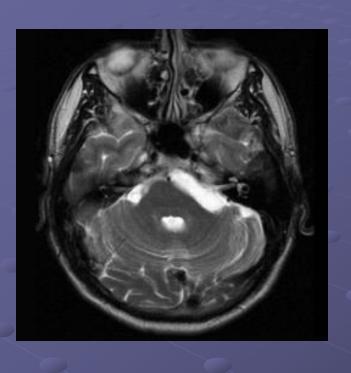
- ●T1W
 - ≈75% slightly hyperintense to CSF
 - uncommonly hyperintense to brain ("white epidermoid") due to high triglycerides and unsaturated Fas
 - uncommonly hypointense ("black epidermoid")

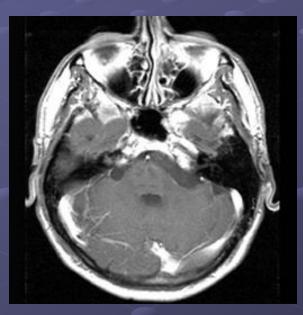
- ▼T2W
 - isointense (65%) to slightly hyperintense (35%) to CSF
 - very rarely hypointense due to calcification, viscous secretions, iron pigments etc.
- FLAIR usually doesn't completely null

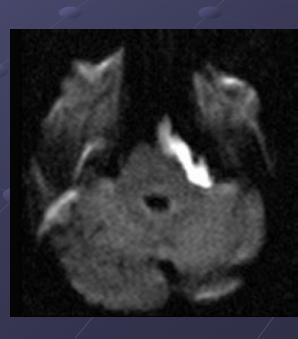
- •T1 C+
 - usually none although margin of cyst may show minimal enhancement (≈35%)
 - with malignant degeneration changes into enhancing tumor

- DWI
 - restricted diffusion yields high signal
 - ADC = brain parenchyma

Epidermoid tumor







Epidermoid tumor (quadrigeminal cistern)

