

Subependymal giant cell astrocytoma

- Benign tumors (WHO grade I), seen almost exclusively in young patients with tuberous sclerosis.
- They can be either asymptomatic or symptomatic due obstructive hydrocephalus, surgery treatment is often curative.
- On imaging, they classically appear as an intraventricular mass near the foramen of Monro, larger than 1 cm, showing calcifications, heterogenous MRI signal, and marked contrast enhancement.

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