Myxoid glioneuronal tumor (MGNT)

- ♦ Epidemiology: Young adults and children
- ♦ Location: Anterior septum pellucidum, foramen of monro, genu of corpus callosum or periventricular WM
- Usually, asymptomatic though may have headaches
- ♦ Formerly termed "DNET of the septum pellucidum" due to indistinguishable features on histology

Imaging

- Very bright on T2 and dark on T1 (cyst-like signal)
- CISS/FIESTA can help recognize the subtle T2 hypointensity relative to CSF
- ♦ FLAIR shows MISMATCH SIGN WITH BRIGHT RIM! (Like DNET)
- ♦ NO ENHANCMENT, no diffusion restriction, no hemorrhage or calcification

DDx:

- Central neurocytoma (enhances)
- Subependymoma (usually 4th ventricle and no bright rim on FLAIR)
- Colloid cyst (splays fornices, dense on CT, does not suppress on FLAIR)
- DNET (cortically based tumor)
- Subependymal giant cell astrocytoma SEGA (enhancement and calcification)

MGNT (25 y/o)







