Cerebral Blood Flow (CBF)

■ Cerebral Blood Flow (CBF)

- Volume of blood flow per unit of brain tissue per minute
- Gray matter = 60 ml / 100g / min
- White matter = 25 ml / 100g / min
- < 30 % Flow relative to normal brain = infarct

Cerebral Blood flow

- Decreased CBF relative to normal brain tissue (rCBF) most consistently and accurately identifies the ischemic core.
- A rCBF threshold of <30% has been extensively validated.</p>
- Validated CBF thresholds may overestimate ischemic core if perfusion imaging is acquired very early after symptom onset.
- Similarly, the ischemic core may be overestimated if rapid reperfusion is achieved.

Other

- Lacunar or small subcortical infarcts are usually not detected using CTP thresholds
- But visual inspection of mean transit time, time-to-peak, and time-to-drain maps has a high specificity but moderate sensitivity for detection of these infarcts