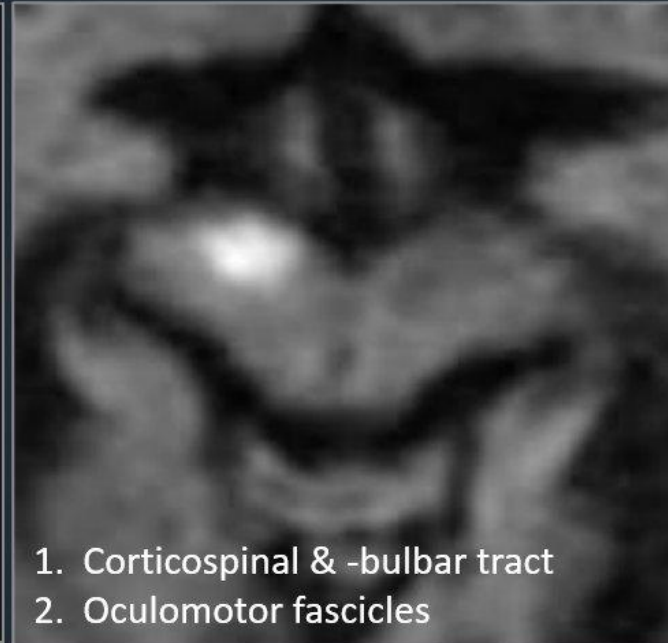
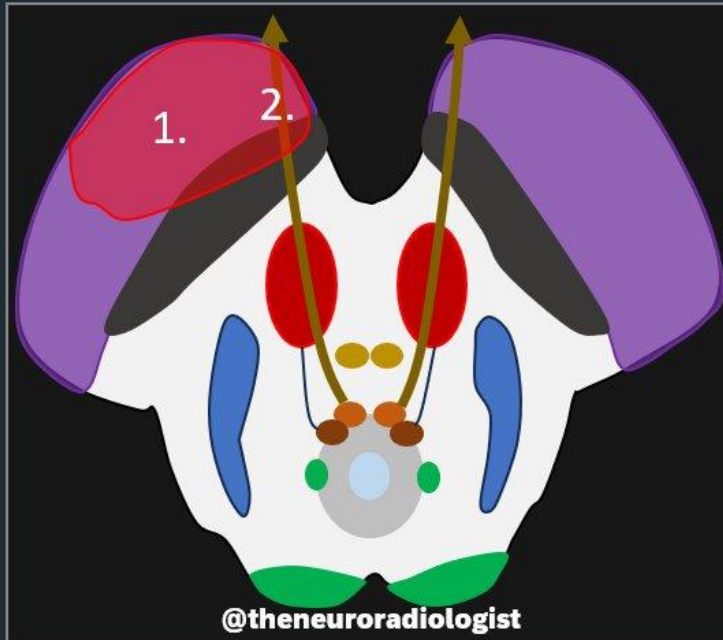


Weber syndrome

(or “superior alternating hemiplegia”)



1. Corticospinal & -bulbar tract
2. Oculomotor fascicles

1. Contralateral hemiparesis

Weakness or paralysis of contralateral face, arm, and leg

Infarction of corticospinal & -bulbar fibers in the cerebral peduncle

2. Ipsilateral oculomotor palsy

Eye “down & out”, ptosis, non-reactive pupil in mydriasis

Infarction of the oculomotor fibers near the interpeduncular cistern